

## Practice Quiz #4

Nomen: \_\_\_\_\_

Datum: \_\_\_\_\_

### Section 1: Grammar

1. Please give all the participle forms and their English translations for the following verbs:

a. *rego, regere, rexi, rectum* - to rule

Tense	Active Form and English Translation	Passive Form and English Translation
Future	<i>recturus-a-um</i> - about to rule	<i>regendus-a-um</i> - about to be ruled
Present	<i>regens-entis</i> - ruling	XX
Perfect	XX	<i>rectus-a-um</i> - having been ruled

b. *amo, amare, amavi, amatum* - to love

Tense	Active Form and English Translation	Passive Form and English Translation
Future	<i>amaturus-a-um</i> - about to love	<i>amandus-a-um</i> - about to be loved
Present	<i>amans-antis</i> - loving	XX
Perfect	XX	<i>amatus-a-um</i> - having been loved

Tense	Active Form and English Translation	Passive Form and English Translation
Future	saepturus - a-um - about to surround	Saepiendus - a-um = about to be surrounded
Present	<del>saepti</del> saepiens - entis - surrounding	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
Perfect	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	Saeptum - a-us - having been surrounded

Tense	Active Form and English Translation	Passive Form and English Translation
Future	moniturus-a-um = about to warn	monendus-a-um = about to be warned
Present	monens-entis - warning	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
Perfect	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	monitus-a-um - having been warned

*For the following Latin words, please give at least one correct English definition:*

- For the following English words, please give **all** the correct Latin forms:*

6. afterwards: postea
7. comfort, relief: solacium, -i, n.

8. to receive, take, accept: accipio, accipere, accepi, acceptum

9. as, just as, when: ut

10. story: fabula, -ae, f.

### Section 3: Translation

Translate the following passage into idiomatic English:

- 1 Caesar, equitatu praemisso, sex legiones ducebat; post eas totius exercitus  
impedimenta collocaverat; equites nostri, flumine transito, cum hostium equitatu  
proelium commiserunt. Illi identidem in silvas ad suos se recipiebant ac rursus ex  
silva in nostros impetum faciebant. Nostri tantum ad finem silvae insequi eos  
5 audebant.

Caesar, after the cavalry was sent forth, was leading six legions; after them  
he had collected the baggage of the whole army; our horsemen, after the river  
was crossed, united battle [engaged in battle] with the cavalry of the enemy.  
Again and again they were retreating into the woods to their own men and  
again they were making an attack into our men from the woods. Our men  
were daring to pursue them only to the boundary of the forest.

#### Section 4: Identification

Please answer the following questions with answers taken from the text above:

1. Please identify an **ablative absolute**: equitatu praemisso/flumine transitu/
2. Please identify the case of **totius** (line 1): genitive
3. Please identify the case of **hostium** (line 2): genitive
4. Please identify the case and number of **illi** (line 3): nominative plural  
\_\_\_\_\_.
5. Please identify the tense of **commiserunt** (line 4): perfect
6. Please identify the case of **silvae** (line 4): genitive
7. Please give the case and number of **eos** (line 4): accusative plural  
\_\_\_\_\_.
8. Please identify an **imperfect tense verb**: faciebant
9. Please give the case and number of **impedimenta** (line 2): accusative plural  
\_\_\_\_\_.
10. Please identify the tense, voice, person, and number of **collocaverat** (line 2):  
pluperfect active 3rd singular